

IMPACT MIRACLE END MILLS

VFSFPR

Roughing end mill, Short cut length, 3–4 flute

CARBIDE

RECOMMENDED CUTTING CONDITIONS

Shoulder milling

Work material	Carbon steel, Cast iron, Alloy steel (–30HRC)		Alloy steel, Tool steel, Pre-hardened steel		Austenitic stainless steel, Titanium alloy		Hardened steel (45–55HRC)		Heat resistant alloys	
	Cf53, GG25		X40CrMoV51		X5CrNi1810, X5CrNiMo17-12-2, Ti6Al4V		X40CrMoV51		Inconel718	
Dia. (mm)	Revolution (min ⁻¹)	Feed rate (mm/min)	Revolution (min ⁻¹)	Feed rate (mm/min)	Revolution (min ⁻¹)	Feed rate (mm/min)	Revolution (min ⁻¹)	Feed rate (mm/min)	Revolution (min ⁻¹)	Feed rate (mm/min)
3	16000	960	13000	640	6400	260	5300	320	4200	70
4	12000	960	9500	640	4800	260	4000	320	3200	70
5	9500	960	7600	640	3800	260	3200	320	2500	70
6	8000	960	6400	680	3200	290	2700	340	2100	75
8	6000	1050	4800	760	2400	340	2000	400	1600	95
10	4800	1050	3800	760	1900	340	1600	400	1300	105
12	4000	960	3200	700	1600	320	1300	400	1100	110
16	3000	840	2400	620	1200	300	1000	360	800	110
20	2400	760	1900	560	1000	300	800	320	600	100
Depth of cut										

D:Dia.

Slotting

Work material	Carbon steel, Cast iron, Alloy steel (–30HRC)		Alloy steel, Tool steel, Pre-hardened steel		Austenitic stainless steel, Titanium alloy		Hardened steel (45–55HRC)		Heat resistant alloys	
	Cf53, GG25		X40CrMoV51		X5CrNi1810, X5CrNiMo17-12-2, Ti6Al4V		X40CrMoV51		Inconel718	
Dia. (mm)	Revolution (min ⁻¹)	Feed rate (mm/min)	Revolution (min ⁻¹)	Feed rate (mm/min)	Revolution (min ⁻¹)	Feed rate (mm/min)	Revolution (min ⁻¹)	Feed rate (mm/min)	Revolution (min ⁻¹)	Feed rate (mm/min)
3	13000	720	11000	480	4800	190	3200	190	2100	25
4	9500	720	8000	480	3600	190	2400	190	1600	25
5	7600	720	6400	480	3200	190	1900	190	1300	25
6	6400	720	5300	480	2700	200	1600	200	1100	30
8	4800	800	4000	520	2000	220	1200	220	800	35
10	3800	800	3200	520	1600	220	1000	220	600	35
12	3200	750	2700	520	1300	210	800	210	500	40
16	2400	620	2000	450	1000	180	600	180	400	45
20	1900	540	1600	400	800	160	500	160	300	40
Depth of cut										

D:Dia.

- 1) When cutting austenitic stainless steels, the use of water-soluble cutting fluid is effective.
- 2) If the depth of cut is shallow, the revolution and feed rate can be increased.
- 3) If the rigidity of the machine or the work materials installation is very low, or chattering and noise are generated, reduce the revolution and feed rate proportionately.